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MILITIA REGULATIONS

MADE BY THE

SECRETARY-AT-WAR

IN PURSUANCE OF

THE ACT

15 AND 16 VICT. CAP 50,

Dated, War Office, 15th July, 1853.

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MILITIA REGULATIONS.

I.—Regulations for the Militia made by the Secretary-at-War, in pursuance of the Act 15 and 16 Vict. cap. 50.

1 The age of the volunteers, as an ordinary rule, is to be from 18 to 35; but growing lads under 18 may be accepted, reporting the cases to the Secretary-at-War.

2 Volunteers above 35 years of age, on being certified by a Military or Militia medical officer, to be fit for duty for five years, and recommended by the Adjutant of the regiment to the Secretary-at-War, may be enrolled with his sanction.

3 Men who have been discharged from the Army after three years' service with good character, may be accepted up to the age of 45.

4 Any discharged soldier above that age can only be accepted with the sanction of the Secretary-at-War.

5 Volunteers of 5 feet 4 inches and upwards may be accepted; but those only of 5 feet 6 inches and upwards should be employed as artillerymen.

6 Should eligible volunteers of 5 feet 3 inches offer themselves, they may be accepted, reporting the cases to the Secretary-at-War.

7 Volunteers below 5 feet 3 inches can only be accepted with the previous sanction of the Secretary-at-War.

8 Volunteers may be enrolled after the commencement of the training until the quota is completed.

9 *Volunteers* must, at the time of their engagement, be re-

dent within the county in the Militia of which they engage to serve, or in the county immediately adjoining thereto.

10 Volunteers who change their mind, and decline to be attested and enrolled, are not required to pay smart money.

11 The receipt of 1*s.* by a civilian under a promise that he will come forward for enrolment as a Militia volunteer is in no respect a legal binding engagement, as no bounty is payable until attestation and enrolment. The payment of 1*s.*, therefore, by overseers, parish officers, and others, is altogether unnecessary, and when claimed should be deducted from the bounty or bringing money.

12 Enrolled Pensioners should not be accepted as volunteers; and should they obtain admission as such into the Militia without sanction, they should be discharged, and the repayment of the bounty on enrolment, and the expenses incurred on their attestation, should be recovered out of their pension.

13 Every man presenting himself for enrolment in the Militia beyond the age of 25 should, therefore, be asked whether he is a Pensioner; and if he replies in the affirmative, he should not be enlisted without a written communication from the Staff Officer of his district, stating that his services are not likely to be required in the enrolled Pensioner Force. Pensioners so enlisted may receive pension with Militia pay.

14 Every volunteer must be examined before being enrolled, by a Militia or by a Military medical officer; or, in the event of no such medical officer being available, by a private medical practitioner.

15 The allowance for medical examination of each volunteer, by a private medical practitioner, will be 2*s.* 6*d.* each volunteer for eight or less, examined on the same day, and at the same place, and 1*s.* each for every volunteer above eight so examined. Instructions for the guidance of the medical officers and private medical practitioners for the examination of volunteers are at page 14.

16 Volunteers must be attested for the County Militia upon the form prescribed in the Appendix, page 62, and will then be *enrolled, but in counties* having more than one regiment they

may be transferred to any regiment of the same county, but can only be transferred to the Militia of another county by their own consent. When transferred, their attestation should be immediately transmitted to the regiment to which they have been removed. A fee of 1*s.* will be allowed to the magistrate's clerk on the attestation of each volunteer. The attestation will be preserved at the head-quarters of the regiment.

17 The Adjutant will sign and transmit half-monthly returns to the clerk of General Meetings for the information of the Lord Lieutenant of the county, shewing the names, ages, classes, &c., of the volunteers enrolled from time to time to serve in the regiment of Militia of which he is the Adjutant; and he will at the same time report to the Clerk of General Meetings any casualties which may have occurred among the men previously reported as enrolled. (Appendix, page 66).

18 Every volunteer upon being enrolled is to be numbered.

19 Every volunteer is to receive the sum of 10*s.* as a bounty on being enrolled.

20 A sum of 5*s.* will be allowed to the bringer of each volunteer on his being enrolled, or 2*s.* 6*d.* on his being enrolled, and 2*s.* 6*d.* when the volunteer attends for training and exercise, at the discretion of the Commanding Officer. The names of such bringers and their place of abode should be carefully taken down.

21 Volunteers may be enrolled without authority to replace casualties, by death, by discharge for unfitness, or by release from future Militia service. Absentees from training, whose absence is not accounted for to the satisfaction of the Commanding Officer, and deserters who are not recovered to the Militia service by apprehension within three months after the expiration of the training period, should be reported to the Secretary-at-War, in order that his sanction may be obtained for their being struck off and replaced.

22 It should, however, be stated whether every effort to recover them to the service has been made without success.

23 *Men* who are appointed Serjeants, or enlisted as Drummers *on the permanent* staff, will only be allowed a bounty of 15*s.*

attestation, and will be required to take the oath prescribed in section 3, of 51 Geo. 3, cap. 118. (Appendix, page 66). They need not have been residents in the county, or in the county immediately adjoining thereto. Drummers may be accepted at 16 years of age, and under 5 feet 3 inches. Lads under 16 may be enlisted, with the sanction of the Secretary-at-War, but they will be allowed pay at 10*d.* a day only until they attain the age of 16. No bounty is to be allowed for attested volunteers, who may be appointed to the permanent staff, if the public has already paid 15*s.* as bounty and bringing money on their enrolment as volunteers.

24 Volunteers who, after enrolment, desire to change their place of residence, may do so upon notifying their wish to the Adjutant of the regiment in which they are enrolled; and, if they wish to reside in another county, may, provided the Colonels of both regiments consent, by a certificate from the Commanding Officer and Adjutant, be transferred for the remainder of their service to the Militia regiment of the county in which they purpose to reside. It is very desirable that in every case of a volunteer removing any considerable distance beyond the border of the county, he should be transferred to the Militia regiment of the county in which he resides.

25 Volunteers transferred from one regiment of Militia to another, whether in the same county or any other, should receive a new number in the regiment to which they have been transferred; but they should also be designated by the number given to them on their original enrolment in the regiment from which they have been transferred.

26 Thus, a volunteer transferred from the Bedford Militia, in which his enrolment number was 249, to the Lincoln Militia, in which his number might be 150, would be numbered in the latter regiment $\frac{\text{Bedford}}{249}$—150.

27 Volunteers found unfit, if proved to have been so when attested, should be summarily punished, or they may be discharged without punishment on repayment of the enrolment bounty, and the expenses incurred on their attestation.

28 *Apprentices enlisting* as volunteers, and denying on

their attestation that they are apprentices, are liable to prosecution.

29 Any volunteer actually enrolled and engaged to serve in the Militia, who shall enlist into a regiment of the line—the Royal Artillery, Royal Marines, Royal Navy, or East India Company's Service—and who at the time of offering to enlist shall deny that he is a Militiaman, then actually enrolled and engaged to serve, or shall deny to the Justice before whom he shall be attested that he belongs to the Militia, will, on his own confession or on conviction thereof before any one Justice in the United Kingdom, or upon proof of the offence before a Court of Inquiry in the Regiment or Service into which he has enlisted, forfeit all future Militia bounty, and be subjected in lieu of the penalties previously imposed by law for such offence, to a stoppage of 1*d.* per day from his pay in the Queen's or East India Company's service for 18 calendar months, to be applied as the Secretary-at-War shall direct.

30 Volunteers so enlisting into the line, &c., will be also liable to serve therein in the United Kingdom (except when the Militia regiment to which they belong shall be called out for training or for embodied service) until their Militia engagement expires, and can only be sent abroad after they shall have been released by the Colonel or Commandant from future attendance on the Militia, when called out for training or embodied service, and at the expiration of their Militia engagement they will belong absolutely to the regiment of Her Majesty's service into which they have enlisted; but their service in Her Majesty's forces, or in the forces of the East India Company, will not be allowed to reckon until the expiration of the period for which they originally engaged to serve in the Militia, notwithstanding that they may have been released from future attendance, except by the special sanction of the Secretary-at-War. A return on the prescribed form (page 67) of all men enrolled for service in the Militia, who are known to have enlisted into Her Majesty's regular forces or the forces of the East India Company, is to be transmitted to the Secretary-at-War quarterly, on the 1st January, *1st April*, 1st July, and 1st October.

31 The discharge of volunteers or their release from their Militia engagement, from whatever cause, should have the previous sanction of the Secretary-at-War.

32 Non-commissioned officers and others enlisting any man to serve in Her Majesty's regular forces, or the East India Company's service, who at the time shall be known to them to be enrolled and engaged to serve in the Militia, are liable to a penalty of 20*l.* under the 42 Geo. III., cap. 90, sec. 64; and enlistments so made into the Army are null and void.

II.—Instructions for the Guidance of Medical Officers of the Army and Militia, and for private Medical Practitioners, in the Examination of Recruits for the Militia.

33 Recruits are to be rejected on account of any defect or disease which is likely to impair their efficiency, and to disqualify them from a due discharge of military duty. The following is a list of the more common defects which disqualify:—

Feeble constitution; unsound health, from whatever cause; indications of former serious disease; glandular swellings or other symptoms of scrofula, &c., &c.

Weak or disordered intellect.

Chronic cutaneous affections, especially of the scalp.

Severe injuries of the bones of the head.

Impaired vision, from whatever cause; inflammatory affections of the eyelids; immobility, or irregularity of the iris; fistula lachrymalis, &c., &c.

Deafness, copious discharge from the ears, &c.

Loss of several of the front teeth.

Strong stammering.

Want of due capacity of the chest, or any other indication of *a liability to pulmonic disease.*

Impaired or inadequate efficiency of one or both of the superior extremities from palsy, old fractures (especially of the clavicle), contraction of a joint, mutilation, extenuation, deformity, ganglions, &c., &c.

Unnatural excurvature or incurvature of the spine.

Hernia, or a tendency to that complaint.

Impaired or inadequate efficiency of one or both of the inferior extremities from varicose veins, old fractures, malformation (flat feet, &c.), palsy, or lameness, contraction, mutilation, extenuation, enlargement, unequal length, bunions, over-lying or supernumerary toes, ganglions, &c., &c.

Ulcers, or unsound cicatrices of ulcers likely to break out afresh.

Traces of corporal punishment, or marked with the letter D are unqualified causes of rejection.

Diseases, whether acute or chronic, for which medical treatment is required.

Course of Examination of Recruits.

34 The recruit is to walk several times across the inspection room, in order to shew that he has the perfect use of his lower limbs; he is then to be halted and set up like a soldier under arms, with the knees about an inch apart, and in this position to be strictly examined both in front and in rear, when, should no material defect be discovered, the inspection may proceed.

35 The recruit is to imitate the serjeant present in the following evolutions, viz.:—To extend the arms at right angles with the body; to touch the shoulders with the fingers; to place the backs of the hands together above the head, and in that position to cough; whilst at the same time the medical practitioner applies his hand to the rings of the external oblique muscles,—he is then to extend his arms and hands for examination; to rotate the fore arm; and to bend and stretch the fingers.

36 The recruit is next to stand upon one foot and move the *ankle joint of* each leg alternately, when, if any doubt exist res

pecting the efficiency of either joint, or of any part of the lower limbs, he should be made to hop for a short period on the suspected limb, the size and aspect of which are to be accurately compared with the corresponding joint or part of the opposite limb.

37 The head of the recruit, including the scalp, ears, eyes, nose, and mouth, to be examined; and it is to be ascertained that he possesses the function of hearing, and the faculty of distinct enunciation.

38 And lastly. The recruit is to be examined as to his mental faculties, with which object the medical practitioner should invariably ask a few short questions as to the corps the recruit has entered, and the occupation he had previously followed, &c., &c., and should adopt any other suitable means for ascertaining the state of his intellect.

39 When the examination shall have been completed, if the recruit be approved, the medical practitioner is to fill up and sign the attestation; as his signature will be considered a guarantee that he had personally examined the recruit in the manner and order here prescribed, and had discovered no defect other than such as he may have specified in the said attestation.

III.—Dress of Officers of Militia.

40 The uniform of the Officers of the Militia is to be that of the existing pattern for the Army, in strict conformity with the Queen's Regulations, silver lace being substituted for gold lace, except in regiments in which the tunic has been substituted for the coatee.

41 Militia officers will appear at levees and drawing-rooms regimentally equipped and clothed in full dress; and in the uniform of their respective corps, upon all other occasions when the *Commanding Officer* may deem it necessary, and when attending

as spectators the review or inspection of troops by the Commander-in-Chief or by a General Officer.

42 During the training and exercise, the Officers of Militia will only be required, unless otherwise specially ordered by the Commanding Officers, to appear in the following undress uniform:—

Coat.—Plain blue frock, to be worn buttoned up, with silk buttons, precisely as worn by officers of regiments of the line.

Trousers.—Oxford grey mixture, with a scarlet edging down the outward seam.

Cap.—Blue cloth, with black leather peak and chin strap, band of black silk oak-leaf lace, except in royal regiments, when it is to be of scarlet cloth, with the regimental number or distinction worked on the front in silver.

Sash.—Crimson silk, as in the line. For light infantry and rifle corps, with cords and tassels, as in the line. (Not to be worn by Paymasters, Quartermasters, and Surgeons.)

Sword.—Infantry regulation; Field Officers, a brass scabbard; Adjutant, a steel one; other ranks, black leather.

Sword Knot.—Black leather.

Waist Belt.—Black patent leather with slings, snake hooks. Field Officers with staff plate.

Stock.—Black silk.

Gloves.—White leather.

Boots.

Spurs for mounted officers, screw steel, with neck two inches long.

43 Rifle regiments will substitute green for cloth of other colours, and will otherwise conform to the Queen's Regulations for the equipment of the Rifle Corps.

Dress of Officers of the Militia Artillery.

44 Coat.—A double-breasted tunic, the same pattern as that of the men, but with silver twisted shoulder-strap, and a silver grenade on the collar.

Trousers.—Blue, with red stripe down the seam.

CAP.—Blue, with black band, and a silver grenade.

SASH.—Crimson silk, as in the Royal Artillery.

SWORD.—Royal Artillery regulation, with steel scabbard.

SWORD KNOT.—Silver.

BELT.—Black patent leather.

STOCK.—Black silk.

GLOVES.—White leather.

BOOTS.

SPURS.—For mounted officers, screw steel, with neck two inches long.

45 For regiments having the coatee, the full dress will be the same as in the Royal Artillery, but with silver in lieu of gold.

Trousers the same as the officers of regiments having the tunic.

46 As, however, all the Militia Artillery regiments will, on the next clothing, be supplied with the tunic, it will be left open to the Commanding Officer, with a view to diminish expense, if he wishes it, to adopt the tunic for the officers at once, or to defer getting full-dress uniforms till the regiments are re-clothed.

BLUE FROCK COAT, the same as the Royal Artillery, with silver grenade instead of gold.

Everything else the same as full dress.

IV.—Duty of and Pay and Allowances to be granted to the Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers of the Militia in England and Wales, when employed at or detached from Head-Quarters upon the Service of Raising and Enrolling Volunteers.

47 Every officer henceforth appointed an Adjutant of Militia will be required, before receiving his commission, to transmit to the Secretary-at-War the following declaration:—

"I, do hereby declare, upon my honour as an officer and a gentleman, that for my recommendation to be an Adjutant and Acting Paymaster in the regiment of Militia, I have not given, paid, received, or promised, and that I do not believe that any one has for me given, paid, received, or promised, directly or indirectly, any recompense, reward, or gratuity, to any person or persons whatever.

"A. B."

"Witness, C. D."

48 It will be the duty of the Adjutant to superintend the enlistment and enrolment of the volunteers, and to take charge of the payment of the bounties and other expenses to be incurred upon such enrolment.

49 He will be allowed 5*s.* a day in addition to his disembodied pay of 8*s.* for every day he can certify that he is actually employed at head-quarters in enrolling volunteers; in making up the enrolment account, not exceeding ten days, or in preparing lists for the Clerk of General Meetings.

50 When absent from head-quarters, he will be entitled to a *further allowance* of 5*s.* a day to cover the expense of living at an

inn, in addition to 5*s.* a day for every day he can certify that he is actually employed enrolling volunteers.

51 While detached from head-quarters he will be allowed 2*s.* a day for the forage of a horse, whether his own property or not; or if forage be not drawn, he may be paid the actual expense of travelling by railway; or when not so proceeding, an allowance of 9*d.* a mile, and he is not required to be furnished with a route.

52 He will be required to give security either of a policy from the British Guarantee Association to the amount of 500*l.* for a regiment of eight companies and upwards, of 300*l.* for a regiment of less than eight companies, and of 200*l.* for a regiment of less than four companies; or to provide two sufficient sureties for the above amounts, to be approved of by the Secretary-at-War; or to invest in the public funds the amount required in his own name and that of a recognized Army Agent.

53 The Surgeon of the regiment will accompany the Adjutant for the purpose of examining the volunteers at particular places and on particular days, to be appointed by the Commanding Officer; and will be then allowed a daily pay of 11*s.* 4*d.*, with an allowance of 5*s.* a day to cover the expense of living at an inn, and 2*s.* a day for forage for a horse, whether his own property or not; or, if the forage allowance be not drawn, the actual expense of travelling by railway; or when not so proceeding, will receive an allowance of 9*d.* a mile. He will be allowed full training pay, only for the days he may be employed examining volunteers at head-quarters, if he examine more than four; if only four or less be examined in one day, he will be allowed 2*s.* 6*d.* for each, but will not then be allowed full training pay. A Surgeon in the receipt of a reduced allowance, will, whilst employed on this duty, be allowed the difference only between such allowance and 11*s.* 4*d.* a day.

54 Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers, when absent from head-quarters upon the duty of raising volunteers, will be allowed the difference between disembodied and training pay, and beer money per diem each, at 1*d.*

55 While so employed they are entitled to billets.

Marching money for Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers, while so employed, at 1*s.* 1*d.* a day, (which includes the allowance to the innkeeper for the hot meal,) will be allowed for each day's march actually performed of not less than 10 miles, but in case they proceed by railway or other conveyance, the actual cost of such conveyance, with the allowance to the innkeeper for one hot meal will only be admitted; and ½*d.* a day will be allowed to the innkeeper for each man while detained in billet more than one day.

56 A Serjeant, selected to assist the Adjutant in paying the bounty and keeping the accounts of bounty and expenses incurred, will be allowed marching money at 1*s.* 1*d.* a day for each day's march, and 6¾*d.* and beer money in addition to his disembodied pay of 1*s.* 6*d.* while so employed, or whilst actually employed in assisting the Adjutant, to make up the enrolment account for a period not exceeding ten days, or to prepare lists for the Clerk of General Meetings, such employment being certified by the Adjutant.

57 When a competent Serjeant for this duty cannot be found, a Civilian may be employed, receiving 2*s.* 0¾*d.* a day, or an attested volunteer, receiving 6¾*d.*, in addition to his pay as Private, and beer money each, provided the expense of the established number of Serjeants on permanent pay is not thereby exceeded, and he will also be allowed marching money when absent from head-quarters.

58 The charge for hire of rooms for the enrolment and examination of volunteers, when not provided or paid for by the county is not admissible unless specially sanctioned by the Secretary-at-War.

59 An estimate of the sum required to pay the first part of bounty and expense of the probable number of volunteers to be assembled for examination and enrolment, should be transmitted from time to time to the Secretary-at-War, in order that the Paymaster-General may be instructed to issue the sums required for this purpose.

60 Bills for this service will be made payable on the signature only of the Colonel or Commandant, and should not be

signed by the Adjutant or other officer, unless the Colonel or Commandant has signified to the Secretary-at-War his wish in writing that the bills should be made payable to the Adjutant or other officer.

V.—Establishment and Daily Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the Militia of England and Wales, when called out for Training and Exercise, or for Embodied Service.

61 ESTABLISHMENT:—When training or embodied. One Serjeant and one Corporal for every 30 Private Men of the full quota, and one Drummer for every two companies, with an additional Drummer for each flank company, in corps consisting of six companies and upwards. In Rifle regiments one Bugler per company.

62 In the above numbers are included the Serjeants, Drummers, and Buglers, on the permanent staff.

63 A Drum Major cannot be allowed in addition to the number of Serjeants. If a Serjeant is selected to act as Drum Major, he can only be allowed the pay of Serjeant.

64 Privates may be selected to perform the duty of Corporals, giving them the rank only of Lance-Corporal, but with the pay of Corporal while so employed, provided they do not exceed the established number of Corporals.

65 The Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers appointed from Privates of the Establishment for the purposes of training or embodiment only, will, at the termination of the training or embodiment, be dismissed to their homes in the same manner as *the Privates, and they* may be discharged as soon as, but not be-

fore, the period shall expire for which they were enrolled as Privates

66 DAILY PAY:—When training or embodied.

	Infantry. £	s.	d.	Artillery. £	s.	d.
Colonel	1	2	6	1	2	6
Lieutenant-Colonel	0	15	11	0	15	11
Major	0	14	1	0	14	1
Captain (including non-effective allowance)	0	10	6	0	10	6
Lieutenant	0	6	6	0	6	6
Ensign	0	5	3	0	5	3
Adjutant	*0	0	6	*0	1	0
Quartermaster (if not holding a Subaltern's Commission)	0	6	6	0	6	6
Ditto (if holding a Subaltern's Commission)	0	5	0	0	5	0
Surgeon	0	11	4	0	11	4
Surgeon's Mate (if holding also another appointment in the regiment)	0	3	6	0	3	6
Ditto (if not holding another appointment in the regiment).	0	5	0	0	5	0
Serjeant-Major	*0	0	2¼	*0	0	6
Quartermaster-Serjeant	*0	0	4¼	*0	0	4
Paymaster-Serjeant	*0	0	4¼	*0	0	4
Serjeant	*0	0	0¾	*0	0	4
Corporal	0	1	2¼	0	1	2¼
Drummer	*0	0	1	*0	0	1
Privates	0	1	0	0	1	0

67 Colonels appointed to Militia regiments subsequently to the 10th March, 1853, will not be entitled to military pay, the appointment being thenceforth honorary only.

68 Pay will not be admissible for any Colonels unless they attend the training occasionally.

69 During the period of training, the Adjutant will do the duty of Paymaster and Quartermaster, and will be allowed, in addition to his disembodied pay of 8*s.* a day, a sum of 3*s.* 9*d.* a day for ac ing as Paymaster, and 3*s.* 3*d.* a day for acting as Quartermaster in corps consisting of four companies and upwards,

* In addition to disembodied pay.

and of 2*s.* 6*d.* a day for acting as Paymaster, and of 2*s.* a day for acting as Quartermaster in corps of less than four companies, and will be allowed the aid of the Quartermaster-Serjeant and the Paymaster-Serjeant; but if a Quartermaster be appointed, the rates will be only 3*s.* 9*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.* respectively.

70 This allowance will also be admitted for a period not exceeding fourteen days, whilst the Adjutant can certify that he is actually employed in making up the Training Pay List.

71 Quartermasters should not be appointed unless it is found that the Adjutant, with the assistance of a Quartermaster-Serjeant, is not capable of carrying on the duty efficiently, and in that case a subaltern, capable of performing the duty, should preferably be appointed, for which application should be made to the Secretary-at-War. If appointed, a Quartermaster will be allowed pay only during the training period at the rate above stated.

72 Subalterns and reduced Staff Officers, who receive disembodied or reduced allowances, rendering them liable to serve (not retired allowances granted for disability), and who have not been recommended for retirement, should attend when ordered to do so, at the period of training, or if the regiment be trained by detachments, on one or other of the periods appointed for training, with the exception of the Quartermaster, who need not be required to attend unless the Adjutant should want his assistance.

73 If, having been required to attend, they neglect to do so, they will forfeit their disembodied or reduced allowances, unless for any special cause leave of absence shall have been obtained from the Commanding Officer, in which case the same should be reported to the Secretary-at-War.

74 Subalterns or Officers in receipt of disembodied or reduced allowances who shall actually attend, are to be furnished with a certificate of such attendance, for the purpose of its being transmitted to the Paymaster-General, agreeably to the provisions of the Militia Pay and Clothing Act, and when the training is over, a separate list of all such disembodied or reduced officers who *have attended, is to* be transmitted to the Secretary-at-War.

75 The Surgeon cannot be allowed training pay after the termination of the training, but the cases of men who from severe sickness may be detained under medical care at head-quarters, after the period of training has expired, may be reported to the Secretary-at-War for consideration, with a view to repayment of expenses necessarily incurred for medicines and attendance.

76 Facilities will be afforded to Officers of the Militia of acquiring a knowledge of their duty by temporarily attaching them to regiments or depôts of the line upon the application of the Colonels of Militia to Officers commanding regiments in England and Wales. The Militia Officers will, it is understood, be admitted as honorary members of the regimental or depôt mess whenever practicable. Militia Officers will not, however, be entitled to pay; but they will receive an allowance at the rate of 5*s.* a day for the period during which they may be so attached, provided such allowance shall not exceed in all 7*l.* for the Infantry, and 10*l.* for the Artillery. Such allowance will only be once issued to each officer.

77 Pay will not be admitted for Officers who are reported unfit for the duty, nor for the days they do not attend the training, unless they are prevented by sickness duly certified.

78 Commissions of Officers are not liable to stamp duty.

79 The Paymaster-Serjeant, when one is allowed, or the Assistant to the Adjutant as Acting Paymaster, will be allowed the difference between disembodied and training pay for a period not exceeding fourteen days, whilst actually employed in assisting to make up the Training Pay List; and if a competent Serjeant for this duty cannot be found, a Civilian may be employed, receiving 2*s.* 0¾*d.* a day, or an attested Volunteer, receiving 6¾*d.*, in addition to his pay as Private and beer money each, provided the expense of the established number of Serjeants on permanent pay is not thereby exceeded.

80 If the Militia Artillery should be embodied and employed on field duties, 2*d.* a day will be added to the above rates for Corporals and Privates of the Artillery.

81 The mode of drawing the pay and allowances will be the

same as for the disembodied staff; but the issues to Non-commissioned Officers and men will be made daily.

82 Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men are not to receive pay for the days they are occupied in proceeding to and returning from the place of assembly; their pay will commence from the date upon which they actually join, and cease on the date of quitting the head-quarters of the regiment, battalion, or corps to which they respectively belong.

83 In the cases of men who do not join for training, and whose absence is not accounted for to the satisfaction of the Commanding Officer, notices should be forthwith sent to the officers of the several parishes, and to their bringers (if not Serjeants of the regiment), that if they do not immediately join, they will be liable to be apprehended and punished according to law; and every means should be taken to ascertain whether they have actually absconded, or are likely to be forthcoming.

84 In the cases of men who join for training, but are considered by the Medical Officer to be unfit for duty, a nominal list thereof, in the form prescribed in the Appendix, page 68, should be immediately transmitted to the Secretary-at-War, in order that his sanction may be given for their being sent to their homes or finally discharged as unfit for service.

85 A form of discharge will be found in the Appendix, page 69, but the same is liable to be provided by regiments of Militia.

86 If the training should terminate on a Sunday, the regiment may be dismissed on Saturday, receiving pay for the Sunday.

87 Beer money at 1*d.* a day will be allowed to each Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private, present at the training.

88 Men taken seriously ill during the period of training may be sent for treatment into military hospitals, if practicable, the cases being immediately reported to the Director-General of the Army and Ordnance Medical Department.

Medical Officers of Militia corps requiring instruction upon matters of a purely professional nature will communicate direct with the Director-General of the Army and Ordnance Medical Department; and, at the termination of each training period, a *return in duplicate*, in the form prescribed in the Appendix, page

71, should be furnished to the Secretary-at-War, shewing the total number of sick during the period.

89 The necessity for hospital accommodation, and the mode and expense of obtaining it, and that there is not any infirmary or public building available for this purpose, should be represented to the Secretary-at-War.

90 Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men of the Militia, when called out for training and exercise, are entitled to be billeted under the provisions of the Act 42 Geo. III, c. 90, s. 94, and of the 15 and 16 Victoria, c. 50, s. 34.

91 When men are billeted on innkeepers in England and Wales, they are in no instance to receive the proportion payable to the innkeepers; lodging money and beer money are payable to the men themselves.

92 The allowance in stationary quarters must not be charged for the days on account of which the marching allowance is claimed; nor for the men who receive lodging money.

93 Lodging money is not admissible for Officers, nor for more than one-tenth of the effective number of Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men, selected by the Commanding Officer for this indulgence, at the rate of 2*d.* a day; it must not be charged for the days on account of which the marching allowance is claimed.

94 All requisitions for clothing, arms, accoutrements, &c., must be prepared upon the form, Appendix, page 73, which will be furnished by the Secretary-at-War on requisition, and shew the numbers allowed by the Establishment, the numbers already supplied, and the numbers required at the date of the demand.

95 As soon as the order for the assembly of a regiment for training and exercise shall have been received, a requisition in duplicate for the supply required of clothing, arms, and accoutrements should be immediately transmitted to the Secretary-at-War (if not previously sent), in order that the Ordnance Department may have sufficient notice to prepare and forward the supply, and a return should at the same time be furnished of the total number of men enrolled and effective in the corps.

96 The requisition for clothing should be accompanied by the size rolls of the men.

97 Sealed patterns will be sent with the clothing provided by the Ordnance.

98 Clothing for Serjeants and Drummers on the permanent staff will not be furnished by the Ordnance Department, being provided by the Colonel or Commandant, who receives an allowance from the Secretary-at-War for that purpose.

99 New great coats will be furnished for the Serjeants and Drummers on the permanent staff, but without cuffs and collars, and which are to be provided at the head-quarters. Partly worn great coats will be allowed for a reasonable proportion of the men called out for training, and application may accordingly be made for them with the clothing, &c.

100 Practice ammunition will be allowed for the first training, at the rate of thirty rounds of blank and five of ball cartridge per man; and at future trainings, at the rate of twenty rounds of blank and ten of ball cartridge per man.

101 In making application for ammunition, it should be distinctly stated whether the men are fit to commence firing, whether there is a safe place of deposit free from damp, and whether the whole or the greater part of the supply required can be used during the training.

102 Arms and stores, &c., are not to be insured, and no charge therefore will be admitted for insurance.

103 Arms which have been issued by the Ordnance should not be returned to the stores of that department for storing, without special sanction.

104 Sashes for the Serjeant-Major and Serjeants on the permanent staff are not furnished by the Ordnance, but must be provided out of the Stock Purse Fund.

105 Belts and straps should not be cut to fit the men, as they are thereby rendered useless in case of re-issue; to prevent this they should be marked on the extreme ends.

106 Charges for marking clothing must be defrayed out of the Contingent Allowance.

107 Colours will be provided by the Ordnance, or they may

be provided under the directions of the Colonel, and the contract price will be allowed by the Ordnance.

108 A standard for measuring recruits, camp colours, and pace sticks are liable to be provided out of the Contingent Allowance or Stock Purse Fund.

109 The following items of expenditure will be payable by the Ordnance Department, on claims to be made direct to that Department, viz.:—*

1 For the alteration and fitting of clothing,—the actual expense not exceeding 1*s.* per suit; for the number of suits requiring alteration. (The altering of either the coatee or the trousers for the same man may be considered as the altering of one suit; but if both the coatee and trousers for the same man should require altering, the two alterations together to be reckoned as the alteration of one suit only.)

2 For sewing on the wings to the coatees of the Light Infantry regiments, 1*d.* per pair.

3 For providing and putting on cuffs and collars to the great coats furnished to the Serjeants and Drummers of the permanent staff, 1*s.* 7*d.* per great coat.

4 For marking each stand of arms, consisting of the musket with its bayonet and rammer, 3*d.*

5 For fitting the scabbard to the bayonet, 1*d.* each for the number requiring filing, in order to be fitted.

6 For marking accoutrements, the actual expense not exceeding 2*d.* a set.

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* The claims to be supported by a certificate from the Commanding Officer; shewing—

1 The number of suits actually altered, and the total expense actually incurred in altering them.

2 The number of coatees on which wings have been sewn.

3 The number of great coats for which cuffs and collars have been provided.

4 The number of arms marked, and that the work has been performed by a competent person and satisfactorily executed.

5 The number of scabbards actually filed for the purpose of being fitted.

6 The number of sets of accoutrements marked, and the actual expense incurred in marking them.

7 The number of belts on which catches have been sewn to receive the breast-plates.

7 For sewing catches on belts to receive the breast-plates, and for fitting them generally, 1*d.* per set.

110 The stock and clasp, boots, haversack, and knapsack, with mess tin, will be provided by the Ordnance, but in cases of a deficiency of the following articles in the regimental stores for the use of the men during the training period, a charge will be admitted for such quantity of any of them as may be required to complete the equipment of the men who assemble, and they may be provided by the Colonel at the under-mentioned prices for each article, which prices are the same for all ranks, viz.:—

	s.	*d.*
Stock and Clasp	1	0
Boots	7	9
Haversack	1	0

111 If boots cannot be procured at the above price, a requisition should be forwarded to the Secretary-at-War for the required supply.

112 Whatever serviceable boots are in the regimental stores are to be delivered out to the men for their use during the period of training, and may be retained by them, at the expiration of it, on paying 3*s.* 6*d.* each. The men so retaining their boots may receive a new pair at the next training, and retain them on the same terms, and so on at each successive training. Boots from the store which have been worn during two trainings may be retained by the men on payment of 1*s.* each pair. An allowance of 2*s.* 3*d.* per man will be admitted for such men as cannot be provided with boots out of the regimental stores, as a compensation to them for wearing their own boots during the period of training.

113 At the termination of the training the boots issued by the Ordnance Department for the use of the regiment and left in store should be carefully examined, and such as are considered worth repair should be mended as soon as possible at the head-quarters of the regiment, and the actual cost thereof is to be claimed from the Ordnance Department, vouched by proper bills and receipts.

114 In like manner the cost of boots provided by the Colonel at the rates specified in Article 110, may be claimed by direct application to the Ordnance Department, vouched by bills and receipts.

115 Such boots as are considered unworthy of repair should be returned to the nearest Ordnance station, reporting the circumstance and the number so returned to the Board of Ordnance.

116 Requisitions for boots, subsequent to the first demand, should state what number of pairs are required to replace those purchased by the men at the regulated price.

117 Each man is to be in possession of two shirts and two pairs of stockings; and if not in possession of these articles, may be supplied by the Colonel with one or two cotton shirts at a charge to the public of 2*s.* each shirt, and one or two pairs of half stockings at 10*d.* each pair.

118 If permitted to take the shirts and stockings away with him, he is to produce two shirts and two pairs of stockings at each subsequent training, or is to be supplied with them at the above charge, which is to be paid for by stoppage from his pay or bounty.

119 Small articles of necessaries, such as shoe brushes, &c., are to be provided out of the regulated stoppages of 4*d.* a day from the pay of men during the period of training, but the stoppage should not exceed 4*d.* a day in one training, and any excess should remain a debt to be stopped from the man at the next training. The articles so provided out of the stoppages are to be taken away by the men upon being dismissed, or they may be retained in store to be ready for immediate issue on the next training, but the other articles of clothing and necessaries, which the men are not permitted to take away with them, are to be lodged carefully in the regimental stores for use on future occasions.

120 Necessaries, when lost or destroyed, are to be paid for by the men.

121 The cost of marking necessaries is to be defrayed out of the Contingent Allowance.

122 The officers will be allowed the actual cost of the carriage of their baggage, by railway or otherwise, not exceeding the rate of 9*d.* a mile, their own conveyance at the contract rate, if by railway, included, according to the following rules, viz.:—

123 If the officers reside within the county, the allowance is

to be calculated for the number of miles from their places of abode to the place of assembly.

124 If they reside out of the county when summoned to attend, the allowance is to be calculated from the border of the county nearest to such place of residence.

125 The allowance is not granted in either case unless the distance to the place of assembly be at least ten miles.

126 A similar allowance will be granted to officers on the termination of training, except in cases where they leave the regiment previous to such termination for their own convenience.

127 The allowance for the carriage of regimental baggage in England and Wales must not be charged if the regiment be assembled at the head-quarters of the disembodied staff; but the actual and necessary expense, not exceeding the several rates of 1*s.* 9*d.* and 6*d.* per mile, as specified in the Act 42 Geo. III, cap. 90, sec. 95, will be allowed in those cases in which the regimental baggage and other public stores are conveyed from head-quarters to the place of training and back.

128 The allowance of 5*s.* per diem to officers on a march is not granted in the case of the officers of the disembodied staff having to march from head-quarters to the place of assembly, or returning therefrom. Officers not of the disembodied staff who attend the training, and for whom the railway fare of 2*d.* a mile only is charged for their conveyance including baggage, will be allowed 5*s.* for one day, provided they proceed more than 20 miles to the place of assembly, and the same allowance on returning, but the allowance of 5*s.* a day is not admissible during the training period. The officer's order to join the head-quarters of the regiment will be his authority for claiming to be conveyed by rail at the rate of 2*d.* per mile.

129 Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men are to receive 1*s.* 1*d.* per diem for the number of days they are actually occupied in marching from the place within the county or within an adjoining county from which they shall proceed to join, to the place of assembly, and for the day of joining, although the distance be under ten miles. Marching money for *any* distance beyond the borders of an adjoining county cannot

be admitted without the previous sanction of the Secretary-at-War. Where the total distance marched exceeds five but does not amount to ten miles, marching money may be allowed on the day adjoining, but if the distance be five miles or less, the allowance for the hot meal only, viz., 10*d.* a day.

130 The same allowance will also be granted to men who after joining for training are discharged as unfit, provided the unfitness did not exist at the time of enrolment, and was not caused by their own misconduct.

131 Marching money will also be allowed to recruits who may accompany attested volunteers on their joining for training, provided such recruits enrol themselves, and to volunteers who may be enrolled during the training.

132 Marching money will not be admissible for men transferred from one Militia corps to another, at their own request.

133 If, on dividing the number of miles marched by ten, an excess above five should remain, such excess may be considered and charged as an ordinary day's march on joining; but the marching allowance on dismissal must not be charged in any case where the distance is not equal to an ordinary day's march, viz., ten miles for one day, twenty miles for two days, and thirty miles for three days; and in no case in which the men leave the regiment previously to the termination of the period of training, for their own convenience.

134 Bread and meat are to be supplied under such arrangements as the Commanding Officer may deem most expedient. The charge to the volunteer for 1 lb. of bread and ¾ lb. of meat a day is in no case to exceed 6*d.*, but it is expected that by judicious arrangement it will not exceed 4½*d.*, to enable the volunteer to provide an evening meal.

135 The allowance to Captains of companies is—

	Per diem. s.	d.
For a company consisting of 76 Private Men and upwards, as established	2	0
For a company of 75 Private Men and under, as established	1	6

136 The Officers commanding companies are not liable to

defray the expense of a volunteer's funeral, unless the effects of such volunteer are insufficient for the purpose, and in no case is the cost of such funeral to exceed 1*l.* 15*s.*, whether the same be defrayed by the Officer or out of the volunteer's effects.

137 An allowance of 2*s.* a day each will be admitted for the forage of horses of Field Officers, and of the Adjutant and Surgeon, during the period of training, whether the horses are the property of the officers or not. This allowance will also be admitted for the Adjutant for 14 days before the commencement, and for 14 days after the termination of the training.

138 The Field Officers, Adjutant, and Surgeon, will be relieved from the payment of tax for one horse each.

139 The allowance in aid of the regimental mess may be charged at the rate of 4*d.* a day for every Officer present, during the period of training, but if four officers in the whole are not present, no allowance can be granted.

140 The allowance to the Surgeon for medicines will be at the rate of one guinea for every 100 rank and file effective at the training, whether for 21 days or 28 days, and for any excess above an even 100, the following rates will be admitted:—

	£	*s.*	*d.*
For 25 effective Rank and File, and under . .	0	5	0
„ 26 to 50 „ „ . .	0	10	0
„ 51 to 75 „ „ . .	0	15	0
„ 76 to 100 „ „ . .	1	1	0

The Drill Instructors present at the training may be included in calculating this allowance.

141 The expenses incurred for the postage and stationery of the regiment, and of the Acting Paymaster, and for guard and store rooms, are chargeable against the Contingent Allowance granted by the Act for the pay and clothing of the Militia. Furniture and fuel for the orderly and guard rooms, if not provided by the county, are chargeable against the Contingent Allowance or Stock Purse Fund.

142 When there is no waste or common land within a convenient distance of the place of assembly, the actual expense incurred for the hire of exercise ground, not exceeding the fol-

lowing rates will be allowed, if supported by the sanction of the Secretary of State, and the certificate of the Commandant, and by a stamped receipt from the owner.

	21 Days. £	28 Days. £
For corps consisting of 800 effective men and upwards	8	10
For corps of 500, but less than 800 Private Men effective	6	7
For corps of less than 500 Private Men effective .	4	5

143 When the expense incurred for the hire of ground for exercise exceeds the rate above mentioned, the surplus is to be defrayed out of the Contingent Allowance or Stock Purse Fund.

144 The sum of 1*l.* 1*s.* is allowed to each volunteer as training bounty and allowance for each of the first four periods of training, and a sum of 1*l.* 6*s.* for the last period of training, so as to complete, with the enrolment bounty, the full sum of 6*l.*; or at the termination of each training, the sum of 10*s.* may be paid to each volunteer, and the further sum of 11*s.* may also be paid to him between that period and the next training, if arrangements can be conveniently made for effecting such payments, and the men can be properly identified.

145 The periodical payment and allowance are to be made on condition that the necessaries furnished to the Militia-man by Government, and which he is permitted to take away with him, are at all times in serviceable order, his allowance being subject to a deduction for repairing and replacing them.

146 Every volunteer who shall not attend the training for the whole period, unless prevented by sickness duly certified, and also every volunteer who shall not, during such training, conduct himself to the satisfaction of the Commanding Officer, shall be liable to forfeit any part of his bounty and allowances payable for that training not amounting to the whole, upon the decision of a Board of Officers consisting of a Field Officer and the Captains present, who should, previous to the termination of the training, investigate the Defaulters' Book, receive oral evidence, and award such forfeiture of training bounty as they may

think proper in each case, but subject to the approval of the Colonel or Commanding Officer.

147 At the termination of the training a return of all such stoppages, with the reasons for making them, is to be sent to the Secretary-at-War, on the prescribed form (Appendix, page 76).

148 The whole bounty for the training period should not, however, be stopped without the previous sanction of the Secretary-at-War.

149 The full periodical training bounty of volunteers who may die during the training period may be charged and carried to the credit of their Non-effective Account.

150 Serjeants and Drummers on the permanent staff are not entitled to training bounty, but volunteers appointed Non-commissioned Officers for the training period only are entitled to the same bounty as other volunteers.

151 Non-commissioned Officers from the line capable of affording instruction in infantry drill during the period of training will be furnished by order of the General Commanding-in Chief, and Pensioners will also be available for this duty.

152 Application for Drill Instructors, in the proportion of one to every 20 or 25 men enrolled, should be made to the Secretary-at-War in sufficient time, before the regiment assembles for training, to enable the military authorities to forward them to the regiment of Militia requiring them.

153 The allowances, in addition to pay, or pension, for this duty will be as follows:—

	Per diem. s.	d.
If serving, Serjeants and Lance Serjeants . .	0	6
„ Corporals and Privates . . .	0	4
If Pensioners, without distinction of rank . .	1	6

with the same allowances in regard to barracks or billets, travelling expenses, marching money, and messing as in the regular army.

154 The above allowances of 6*d.*, 4*d.*, and 1*s.* 6*d.*, and also the marching money of Pensioners to and from the place of assembly, may be charged in the Training Pay List, but the *marching money of* Drill Instructors from the line will be paid

by their own regiments. The allowance in stationary quarters for Drill Instructors, whether from the line or pensioner force, is to be charged in the Training Pay List.

155 Enrolled volunteers not on the permanent staff who may be employed as Drill Instructors can only be allowed Militia pay.

156 The cost of regimental books is to be defrayed out of the Contingent Allowance or Stock Purse Fund; but they will be provided upon requisition to the Secretary-at-War at the contract price.

157 Whenever it may be practicable and the Commanding Officer may deem it expedient to establish an evening school, for the instruction of the men during the training period, an allowance in aid of the expense of books, &c., will be granted, on the first formation of the school, provided the Stock Purse Fund is not sufficient to meet such expenses.

158 A list of the books and materials sanctioned for the use of regimental schools in the army will be furnished on application, by the Secretary-at-War, from which a selection may be made of elementary works sufficient for the purpose; and the same can be obtained by order from Messrs. Longman & Co., of Paternoster Row.

159 At the termination of the training a statement may be transmitted of the expense incurred in the purchase of the necessary books, and of the number of men who attended the school, when an allowance, not exceeding 10*l.*, in aid of this expense will be granted according to the circumstances of the case, provided the Stock Purse Fund be not sufficient to defray it.

160 The books should be stored when the training is over, and kept for future use, with the other records of the regiment during its disembodied state.

161 No allowance can be made for the hire of rooms, nor for fuel and light for the same.

162 For the purpose of affording some remuneration to those who may volunteer from the ranks of the corps to act as School Instructors, is suggested that each man should pay at the rate of 2*d.* a week for instruction.

163 Absentees for the whole period of training should be borne as "deserted."

164 Rewards for the apprehension of volunteers who intentionally absent themselves from training are payable out of the Stock Purse Fund under the provisions of the Act 42 Geo. III., cap. 90, sec. 109.

165 The fee to the Magistrate's Clerk on the commitment of a deserter is only 2*s*.

166 The Training Pay List is to be completed and forwarded to this office within fourteen days after the termination of the training period.

167 The Acting Paymaster is particularly requested not to make any payment, not authorized by regulation, without the previous sanction of the Secretary-at-War.

168 An estimate of the sum required to pay the training expenses should be transmitted to the Secretary-at-War ten days before the training period, in order that the Paymaster-General may be instructed to make the issue, one half by the commencement of the training and the other half by the middle of the training.

169 The Acting Paymaster will take care to deduct from such estimate the amount which may have been previously drawn in the quarterly estimate of the disembodied staff, on account of the period in which the training takes place.

170 Bills for this service will be made payable on the signature only of the Colonel or Commandant, and should not be signed by the Adjutant or other Officer, unless the Colonel or Commandant has signified to the Secretary-at-War his wish in writing that the bills should be made payable to the Adjutant or other Officer.

171 No charge for the premium on negotiation of bills can be admitted. Any difficulty in obtaining cash from bankers for the bills transmitted from this office should be represented to the Secretary-at-War, in order that steps may be taken to obviate the necessity of such expense.

VI.—Establishment and Pay of the Militia in a disembodied state in England and Wales.

172 ESTABLISHMENT AND PAY:

	Daily Pay. Infantry.		Artillery.	
	s.	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*
Adjutant	8	0	9	0
Serjeant-Major (in corps consisting of not less than two companies)	1	10	3	0
Quartermaster-Serjeant and Paymaster-Serjeant (in corps whose establishment exceeds four companies), each	1	8	2	6
And in corps consisting of four companies and less, one Serjeant performing the duty of both	1	8	2	6
Serjeants (two to each company, including the Serjeant-Major, Quarter-Master-Serjeant, and Paymaster-Serjeant when allowed)	1	6	2	2
Buglers in Rifle Regiments, one per company				
Drummers (one for every two companies, with an additional Drummer for each flank company in corps consisting of six companies and upwards,)				
If above 16 years of age	1	0	1	0
If under 16 „	0	10	0	10

Note.—An allowance of 2*s.* 6*d.* a week will be admitted, in addition to the above pay of Quartermaster-Serjeant, to enable him to obtain the occasional assistance of a person to keep the clothing dry and the boots and other stores clean.

173 During the absence of the Colonel from the United Kingdom, the command will devolve upon the next senior officer.

174 The Adjutant has the command of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of the staff, under the orders of the Colonel; also the charge of the arms, accoutrements, great

coats, clothing, necessaries, or other stores. In his occasional or unavoidable absence, or during any vacancy in the appointment of the Adjutant, the command devolves upon the Serjeant-Major; or, if he also be absent, on some Serjeant who shall be appointed, with the approbation of the Colonel or other commanding officer, to act as Serjeant-Major.

175 The Colonel or the Commandant is empowered by law to grant to each Adjutant and Non-commissioned Officer and Drummer, at his discretion, permission to be absent with leave from the head-quarters for any period not exceeding three months.

176 Applications for permission to reside away from head-quarters during any period exceeding three months, are to be addressed to the Secretary-at-War, through the Colonel or other Commandant of the regiment.

177 The allowance to form the Contingent Fund is 6*d.* per annum for each Private man upon the establishment.

178 The Contingent Allowance is not the property of any individual, and is not to be applied to increase the income of any of the Officers or Non-commissioned Officers of the regiment, but is expressly issued under the responsibility of the Colonel or Commandant for discharging such contingent expenses as may be necessary for the repair and cleaning of arms and other casual items (such as postage, stationery, &c.), upon an order in writing, signed by such Colonel or Commandant.

179 It is the duty of the Adjutant to make up, quarterly, an account shewing the whole amount of such money received and expended, regularly carrying forward the final balance. This account, allowed and signed by the Colonel or Commandant, shall be the acquittal of the Adjutant for the application of the amount expended by him.

180 An allowance of 2*d.* per week for the Adjutant and for each of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers on the disembodied staff at head-quarters, and for their wives and children, is granted for the expense of necessary medicine and attendance, supplied to the said Adjutant, Non-commissioned *Officers, and Drummers,* and their families, while not called out

for training and exercise. The item becomes a charge in the Adjutant's annual pay list, and must be vouched by his certificate of the actual number of persons for whom the allowance is strictly chargeable, and by the receipt of the Surgeon, or other medical practitioner who shall attend the staff.

181 The Surgeon, when not in receipt of training pay, will also be allowed 2*s.* 6*d.* for examining each Serjeant discharged, and for each Serjeant or Drummer placed on the permanent staff.

182 The pay of the Adjutant may be issued to or drawn by him at the expiration of every month, and that of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers at the end of the week, but is not to be issued in advance.

183 Pay for Non-commissioned Officers on the permanent staff is admissible only from the date of joining for duty, and the first charge in each case should be vouched by a certificate of the date on which they did join.

184 The above rates are liable to a deduction of 6*d.* per diem when any Serjeant-Major, Serjeant, or Drummer shall be absent on furlough, but not when absent under the sanction of the Colonel or Commandant, upon the ground of sickness, properly certified.

185 All applications for the appointment of Serjeants to the permanent staff must be made through the Lord Lieutenant of the County to the Secretary of State for the Home Department.

186 Permanent Serjeants of the Militia are to be engaged for the limited period of five years only, and in no case is the term of service to be renewed without the sanction of the Secretary-at-War.

187 No period but that during which they receive permanent pay can reckon for service, with a view to the pension of Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers.

188 The Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of the permanent staff should be numbered as in the case of volunteers.

189 The Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of the permanent staff are entitled to be provided with convenient lodging, with fire and candle during the disembodied state, under the provisions of the Act 42 Geo. III, c. 90, s. 94.

190 The quarterly estimates are to be transmitted to the Secretary-at-War, properly completed and certified by the Colonel or Commandant, on the first day of the month preceding the commencement of the period for which the estimate is made, in order to ensure a remittance in sufficient time to meet the issues of the subsistence of the staff.

191 Bills for this service will be made payable on the signature only of the Colonel or Commandant, and should not be signed by the Adjutant or other Officer, unless the Colonel or Commandant has signified to the Secretary-at-War his wish in writing that the bills should be made payable to the Adjutant or other Officer.

192 In cases in which full clothing is provided by the Colonel, the allowances are for each suit,—

	£	s.	d.
For a Serjeant-Major	5	12	1
For a Serjeant	3	0	0
For a Drummer	2	18	7

193 The 1st April, the commencement of the military year, has been fixed upon as the convenient date for an uniform supply of clothing, which is to last for two years.

194 Serjeants who were supplied with clothing in 1851, when the supply was quadrennial, and whose clothing can be made to last until 31st March, 1855, when the next biennial supply will take place, will be allowed 1*s.* 3*d.* a month from the 1st April, 1853, to the 31st March, 1855, for wearing the clothing supplied in 1851, if they continue on the strength of the regiment.

195 The orders for the payment of the expenses of the clothing, together with the actual expense of package and carriage thereof; also such charges for altering and fitting as shall be sanctioned by the Secretary-at-War (not exceeding 2*s.* per suit), will be given by the Secretary-at-War. Forms of account, applicable to the clothing, will be furnished by the War Office, upon a requisition made at a convenient period prior to the 1st April.

196 The provision of the clothing being invested by the

law in the Colonel or Commandant of Militia, the orders for the payment of the amount sanctioned will be forwarded to that Officer; and it devolves upon such Colonel or Commandant to sign the bill for the payment thereof upon the Paymaster-General, although he may have authorized the Adjutant to sign other bills.

197 Serjeants and Drummers transferred to the permanent staff of the Militia, previous to discharge from the line, will bring with them their line clothing, which they will wear until they cease to receive pay from the line.

198 Thus men transferred between the 30th September and 31st December following, will be entitled, unless sooner pensioned, to line pay and clothing to the 31st March; and if they can wear the line clothing, which then becomes their own property, until the next Militia clothing supply, will be entitled to 2*s.* 6*d.* a month.

199 Men transferred between the 31st December and 31st March following, will be entitled, unless sooner pensioned, to line pay and clothing to the 30th June, and will, in like manner, if they can wear their line clothing, be allowed 2*s.* 6*d.* a month (the biennial rate of compensation) until the next Militia clothing supply, but will receive from the line 5*s.* a month from the 1st April to the 30th June following, as compensation for the annual supply of clothing which became due to them on the 1st April.

200 Men transferred after the annual delivery of clothing on the 1st April, will, unless sooner pensioned, be entitled to line pay and clothing to the 30th September, if transferred between 31st March and 30th June, and to the 31st December if transferred between the 30th June and 30th September; and they will be required to pay 5*s.* a month, as compensation to the line for the annual clothing they retain for six and three months respectively, and will be allowed from the Militia 2*s.* 6*d.* a month for the period they can wear the line clothing after they cease to receive line pay, until the next Militia clothing supply.

201 Any pension which has been granted by Chelsea or Kilmainham for services other than Militia service, is not forfeited by serving and receiving pay in the Militia.

Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers transferred from the Line and Pensioner Force for appointment on the Permanent Staff.

202 Serjeants who have been, or may be transferred from the line to serve on the permanent staff of the Militia, until they have completed the period of service entitling them to pension, will be entitled to draw line pay, subject to a deduction not exceeding 9*d.* a day, to be distributed at the discretion of the Commanding Officer to the Non-commissioned Officers performing their duty until the next quarter-day, and for the three subsequent months after their transfer, if not sooner discharged to pension; after which their line pay will cease, and they will receive 1*s.* a day, in addition to their Militia pay, until their Chelsea pension commences.

203 From the date of their ceasing to receive line pay, Serjeants so transferred will be allowed to reckon two months of Militia service as equivalent to one month of line service, to enable them to complete the period which will entitle them to pension for line service; but their Militia service of five years will then only reckon from the time the line service ceased to reckon.

204 They will be allowed marching money from the head-quarters of their respective regiments to the head-quarters of the Militia, and the same allowance will be issued to their families as they would have become entitled to if they had remained with their regiment until discharged, but no further claim can be made on this account when they are finally discharged.

205 Their line pay, including beer money, and marching and family allowances, will be charged in the accounts of the line, and not in the Militia accounts.

206 Their pay on the permanent staff of the Militia will be allowed from the day of joining and commencing duty, and the allowances payable when the line pay ceases are to be charged in the accounts of the disembodied Militia, vouched by their *receipts.*

207 They are not to be attested until discharged from the line, but must on joining take the oath prescribed in section 3 of the 51st Geo. III., cap. 118.

208 They will be entitled to bounty at 15*s.* when attested.

209 If misconducting themselves prior to discharge, they may be sent back to their regiments.

210 The above rules apply equally to Corporals and Drummers, Buglers and Fifers, and Privates, who may be transferred from the line for appointment to the permanent staff, prior to the completion of the period of service entitling them to a pension, except that Corporals will be liable to a deduction of 6*d.* a day from their line pay, and on ceasing to receive such pay, they will be entitled, if Corporals, to 9*d.* a day, and if Drummers or Privates, to 7*d.* a day, in addition to their Militia pay, and half the rates of good-conduct pay to which they had become entitled in the line, subject to a certificate that while serving in the Militia they had not been subjected to any punishment beyond six days' drill or seven days' confinement to barracks.

211 Drummers, Fifers, and Buglers, may also, in some instances, be temporarily obtained on application to the Staff Officers of Pensioners of the nearest district, whose names will be found in the monthly Army List, and who have received instructions to assist Militia regiments in obtaining the services of such Pensioners. In such case, the usual rate of Militia pay for each Pensioner employed as a Drummer or Fifer, with the ordinary rate of marching money from their homes and back, may be charged, provided the full complement of Drummers, Fifers, and Buglers is not otherwise borne on the establishment.

212 These men should not, however, be permanently engaged on the staff of the Militia, as it will be preferable that young men should be enlisted and trained to the duty of Drummers.

213 Facilities will be also afforded for attaching Drummers to regiments of the line for instruction; and, whilst so employed, they will be allowed pay at 1*s.* a day if over 16, and 10*d.* a day if under 16, but not beer money.

214 Pensioners appointed to the permanent staff must join at their own expense, as they have already received marching

money and family allowances from the public to carry them to their homes; but an advance may be made to them to enable them to join, provided they will consent to repay the same by weekly stoppages out of their permanent pay.

215 When a soldier is to be discharged to pension from any regiment, expressly for the purpose of joining a Militia corps, no communication need be made to the Staff Officers of Pensioners, or to the War Office, on the subject. The Adjutant-General will direct him to join the Militia corps until he is placed on the pension list, when he must report himself to the Staff Officers of Pensioners that he may be taken on the books of the district for payment of pension.

216 Before the Colonel of a Militia regiment applies to the Secretary of State for authority to appoint a pensioner to the permanent Militia staff, his Adjutant should be directed to ascertain from the Staff Officer of Pensioners who pays such pensioner whether he is enrolled, and if so, whether he can be spared from the force. If the Staff Officer's reply is satisfactory, no reference to the War Office will be necessary, and he may direct the pensioner to join the head-quarters of the Militia corps as soon as he is informed of the appointment being approved by the Secretary of State for the Home Department. When, however, the person applied for is an enrolled pensioner, who cannot be replaced in the local companies, the Staff Officer of Pensioners will forward the application of the Adjutant to the Secretary-at-War, for the purpose of ascertaining whether he may be permitted to reduce his establishment, and liberate the pensioner for the Militia staff. If the request cannot be complied with, the Secretary-at-War may be able to suggest some other source from which the wants of the Militia corps may be supplied, and for that purpose a list will be kept at the War Office of candidates from those districts where the Non-commissioned Officers are considerably in excess of the enrolled establishment. By this arrangement all correspondence on the subject of pensioners, thus selected, will pass through the Staff Officer of the district to which they belong, who is best acquainted with their characters and their fitness for the duty expected of them. That officer

will, if requested, state to the Adjutant of the Militia his opinion on these points; but, unless called on to do so, all responsibility in this respect must rest on those who make the appointment.

217 If a difficulty is experienced in obtaining eligible men from the Line or Pensioners' force for appointment as Serjeants to the permanent staff, volunteers may be sent to regiments of the line for instruction, with the pay of Privates, and marching money to and from the head-quarters of the regiment to which they may be so attached, provided the numbers allowed by regulation for the permanent staff are not thereby exceeded.

218 Application for permission to send such men to regiments of the line for instruction should be made by the officer commanding the regiment of Militia to the Adjutant-General.

219 At the expiration of three months after they have been attached to a regiment of the line for instruction, a report from the officer commanding the line regiment, as to the probability of their becoming efficient Staff and Drill Serjeants, should be forwarded by the Officer commanding the Militia regiment to the Secretary-at-War, but their final appointment to the permanent staff cannot be made without the sanction of the Secretary of State for the Home Department.

General Instructions.

220 Every letter addressed to the War Office is to be marked with the same number as the last letter on the same subject received from thence. A careful attention to this point will expedite the transaction of the business.

221 The Adjutant in his correspondence with the War Office, will fold his communications lengthways in the middle into two columns; writing his letter on the left column, and leaving the right column blank; he is to send two copies of his letter, each copy being signed.

222 In acknowledging any letter from the War Office, he should quote the number as well as the date thereof; and in referring to any previous correspondence with the War Office, the number of that correspondence should be quoted.

223 He should also place at the top of the first page of his letter the name of the regiment, and briefly the subject of his communication.

224 The following points should be attended to in preparing the monthly returns on War Office, Form 792 :—

225 1 When called out for training and exercise.

This part of the return should only be filled up when the regiment is actually out for training on the 1st of the month, when the return is due, unless the regiment should have commenced training subsequent to the 1st of the preceding month, and have terminated prior to the 1st of the month in which the return is to be made up.

226 2 When not called out for training and exercise.

This part of the return should be filled up whenever the regiment is not training.

227 3 Volunteers.

The actual number enrolled should be here stated, deducting, as shewn in the form, the casualties by death, and those by discharge, desertion, or transfer, authorized by these regulations, or specially by the Secretary-at-War, to be struck off, and adding the numbers received or accounted for during the month. The numbers on the 1st of the month, when the return is rendered, should correspond with the detail of volunteers as to ages, country, and class, on the third page of the form.

228 Forms of printed estimates will be supplied by the War Office upon the receipt of a requisition specifying the number that will be necessary. The expense of printing new forms of discharge of Non-commissioned Officers on the permanent staff is liable to be defrayed out of the Contingent Allowance.

229 The supply of forms of Pay List for the use of the Adjutant will also be made by the War Office on requisition, once in a year, transmitted in sufficient time to enable him to render his accounts at the prescribed period, viz., within 10 days from the expiration of the military year.

VII. Explanatory Directions to the Acting Paymaster for preparing the Account of Staff and Recruiting Expenses, on the Enlisting and Enrolling of Volunteers.

230 The pay of the Adjutant as Acting Paymaster, while employed at the head-quarters of the regiment in enlisting and enrolling volunteers, in making up the enrolment account for a period not exceeding ten days, or in preparing lists for the clerk of general meetings; that of the Surgeon when medically examining volunteers; and that of the Serjeant Assistant to the Adjutant, while employed upon the above duties, is to be vouched by a certified statement from the Commanding Officer, shewing the days on which they were actually employed on these duties at the head-quarters, and the number of volunteers inspected and passed on each day.

231 The date *from* which the pay and allowances of the Officers while absent from head-quarters in enlisting and enrolling volunteers is charged is to be vouched by order of the Commanding Officer for them to proceed on that date to perform this duty. This order will also be their authority for claiming conveyance by rail at the rate of 2*d.* a mile, or the travelling allowance. The date *to* which their pay and allowances are charged is to be vouched by a copy of their communication to the Commanding Officer reporting their return to head-quarters.

232 Income duty is to be duly deducted from the pay of the Adjutant and Acting Paymaster, and from the pay of the Surgeon (or from the above-mentioned allowance to be received by him in lieu of pay); and the amount of such deduction is to be credited in the General State—the pay or allowance being charged in full. The requisite particulars of the pay and allowance, and of the income duty thereon, are to be properly stated and certified by the Acting Paymaster in the War Office form G, and transmitted to this office with the enrolment account.

233 When the forage allowance is claimed the charge should be vouched by the certificate of the Officer, that he actually kept a horse for the public service, whether his own property or not, during the period for which the allowance is charged.

234 The charge for travelling expenses, when forage allowance is not claimed, is to be vouched by a certified statement of particulars on the War Office form No. 415.

235 If at the termination of the period of enrolment the amount actually paid by the Serjeant Assistant for his conveyance by railway, &c., while carrying the registers and standard, shall have exceeded the marching money charged, after defraying the cost of the hot meal, the Acting Paymaster may represent the fact, with full particulars, to the Secretary-at-War, for his authority to charge as a contingency such excess as might be considered admissible.

236 The charges for the marching money of the Serjeant Assistant, as well as of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers, when absent from head-quarters raising volunteers by order of the Commanding Officer, are to be vouched by a certified statement of the places from and to which they proceeded on this duty, and of the distances between such places.

237 The fees payable to private medical practitioners for volunteers examined, whether approved or rejected, are to be vouched by a certified statement of the names of the volunteers, the dates on which they were examined, and by the receipt of the private practitioner.

238 The special authorities required for the enrolment of volunteers above thirty-five years of age, or under 5 feet 3 inches in height, are to be annexed as vouchers for the charge of their bounty.

239 The special bounty of 15*s.* each for Serjeants and Drummers appointed on the permanent staff, is to be vouched by the order of the Commanding Officer for such appointments, and by his certificate that they have taken the oath prescribed in section 3 of the Act 51 Geo. III. cap. 118.

240 The charge for the hire of rooms for the enrolment and *examination* of volunteers, and for any other contingent expenses,

is to be vouched in the General State by the authority of the Secretary-at-War for incurring the expense.

241 The names of the volunteers should be entered in the enrolment account in the order in which they were enrolled, the surname being stated first. When carried into the Training Pay List, the names should be placed in alphabetical order, care being taken to preserve the utmost accuracy in the names and regimental numbers.

242 The first enrolment account should be made up to the termination of the quarter in which the enrolments first began, and rendered to this office not later than twenty-one days after the termination of such quarter. Subsequent enrolment accounts should be rendered within ten days of the termination of each quarter, until the enrolment of the regiment is completed.

VIII.—Explanatory Directions to the Acting Paymaster for preparing the Militia Training Pay List.

243 The daily pay of Officers chargeable agreeably to the schedule of pay stated at page 23 of these Regulations, is to be vouched by their receipts in the column for that purpose in pages 3 and 5 of the Training Pay List. The difference only between disembodied and training pay being charged for the Adjutant.

244 Such pay should also be vouched by a certificate from the Commanding Officer that the officers were fit for their duties; and in the case of absence from sickness, a medical certificate to that effect should be annexed.

245 Income duty is to be duly deducted from the pay of the Officers, and the amount of such deduction is to be credited in the General State—the pay being charged in full. The requisite particulars of the pay, and of the income duty thereon, are to be properly stated and certified by the Acting Paymaster in

the War Office form G, and transmitted to this office with the Training Pay List.

246 The charge of 5*s.* for one day, when payable for Officers proceeding to or returning from the place of assembly, may be included in the charge for their travelling expenses; pages 3 and 5 of the Pay List.

247 The allowance granted by Article 122 of these Regulations, for the conveyance of the Officer and his baggage, is to be vouched by the receipt of the person to whom paid, in addition to the particulars required in the form of the Training Pay List.

248 The charge for carriage of baggage, as sanctioned by Article 127, is to be vouched by the receipt of the Constables.

249 The charge for the forage allowance granted during the training period by Article 137, should be vouched by the certificate of the Officer that he actually kept or employed a horse for the public service during the period for which the allowance is claimed.

250 The pay of the Non-commissioned Officers, Corporals, Drummers, and Private Men is to be charged according to the schedule of pay stated at page 23 of these Regulations, at the rates and in the manner prescribed in the printed form of the Training Pay List; but care is to be taken that the difference only between the disembodied and the training pay is charged for the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers on the permanent staff.

251 The pay and allowances of Corporals, when charged for Privates appointed to act as Lance-Corporals (provided they are not in excess of the established number of Corporals), are to be vouched by the order of the Commanding Officer for their employment as Lance-Corporals.

252 The names of the men of the several ranks are to be placed in alphabetical order throughout; the surname being placed first. The greatest care is to be taken to ensure accuracy *in the names and regi*mental numbers of the men.

253 The charge for the lodging money for men is to be *vouched by a certificate* from the Commanding Officer, stating

the number of effectives during the training period, and the number permitted to find their own lodgings.

254 In the statement of bounty paid to the Corporals and Private men, the sum to be inserted in the column of "amount charged in prior account" will, for the first Training Pay List, be the sum of 10s., charged for each volunteer in the enrolment account.

255 The amount of bounty payable to each volunteer, under Article 144, is to be vouched by a certificate from the Commanding Officer, stating the number of men and the amount issued to each, and that before dismissing them at the termination of the period of training they admitted that they have received such amount.

256 The stoppages for necessaries approved by the Commanding Officer should be debited with the cost of any small articles of necessaries issued to the man and liable to be paid for by him, and of any necessaries lost or destroyed by him. The balance, if any, remaining after such deductions, is to be paid over to the man before he is dismissed at the termination of the period of training.

257 The charge for shirts and stockings supplied to men is to be vouched by a certificate from the Commanding Officer, shewing how many of each article were issued to the men under his orders. In the certificate in support of any charge on this account in the pay lists for the second and subsequent periods of training, it is to be clearly shewn that the men then supplied with these articles, had not already received them at any prior training.

258 The allowance in aid of the regimental mess as sanctioned in Article 139, must be supported by a certificate from the Commanding Officer, that a mess was actually established during the period for which the charge is made, and of the number of Officers present during the training period.

259 The charge of the allowance of 2*s.* 3*d.* each to men who were not supplied with boots out of the regimental stores, is to be vouched by a list of the men, and a certificate shewing that *they wore their* own boots during the period for which the *charge is made.*

260 The credit of 3*s.* 6*d.* each for boots taken away by the men at the termination of the training, is to be vouched by the certificate of the Commanding Officer of the number of boots so supplied from the regimental stores.

261 In the case of volunteers dying during the period of training, a non-effective account should be annexed as a voucher to the Pay List, in which the pay due to the date of the man's death, the training bounty, at 1*l.* 1*s.*, the amount realized by the sale of his necessaries, &c., should be credited; and any sum due by him for his messing, or for necessaries, and the actual expense of his funeral, not exceeding 1*l.* 15*s.*, should be debited. The balance thereon, if to the man's credit, should be paid to his representatives, and vouched by their receipt; but if the representatives are unknown, the balance should be credited in the Pay List; but if to the man's debit, the balance should be charged against the Captain's Contingent Allowance.

262 The Acting Paymaster is to credit or debit in his annual Training Pay List, the balance due by or to him on the last enrolment account previously transmitted by him to this office.

263 The charge for hire of a field for training is to be vouched by a certificate from the Commanding Officer, stating that there is no waste or common land at any convenient distance from the place of assembly, also by a receipt from the owner, and by the sanction of the Secretary of State.

264 No charge will be admissible in the Training Pay List subsequently to the date of these Regulations for the items of expenditure enumerated in Article 109, which will be payable by the Ordnance on claims made direct to that Department, as therein pointed out.

265 The charge for the allowance to the Adjutant as Acting Paymaster and his Assistant, whilst employed in making up the Training Pay List, should be vouched by the Acting Paymaster's certificate of the period during which they were so employed, and by their respective receipts.

266 The charge for books, &c., authorized for the evening *schools, sh*ould be vouched by the number and date of the War

Office Letter authorizing the charge, and by a bill and receipt in proof of payment.

267 The allowances of 6*d.* a day to Serjeants, and of 4*d.* a day to Corporals and Privates of the Line, and of 1*s.* 6*d.* a day to Pensioners (without reference to rank), while employed as Drill Instructors, are to be charged as a contingent expenditure, supported by a list, certified by the Commanding Officer, of such Drill Instructors, specifying the dates from and to which they were so employed, the number, name, rank, and regiment to which each Instructor from the Line belongs, and the name, late regiment, and pensioner district from which each pensioner has been lent, vouched by their several receipts.

268 The charge for marching money of Pensioners who may join Militia Regiments as Drill Instructors, or as temporary Assistants during the training, is to be made in the Militia accounts, vouched by a certified statement of the places from which they came and had to return, and by their several receipts.

269 The marching money of Drill Instructors from the line to and from the Militia Regiment will be charged in the accounts of the regiments of the line to which they belong, and is not to be made in the Militia Pay List.

270 No charges beyond those authorized in these Regulations should be inserted in the Acting Paymaster's accounts without the special authority of the War Office. In such cases the original authority is to be annexed to the General State in support of the charges.

271 The Acting Paymaster is to credit in the Pay List all disallowances made in the decisions on the examinations sent to him; and these credits are to be given in the Pay List or Account next rendered after the receipt of such decisions; but he is not precluded by such credits from offering, specially, any further explanation; and if such explanation prove satisfactory, a specific authority will be given to re-charge the sum re-allowed.

272 It is requested that the Commanding Officer and Acting Paymaster will, previous to or during the period of training, carefully read over the various certificates in the Pay List, that

they may be prepared duly to complete them at the termination of the period.

273 The Acting Paymaster is requested not to insert any fractional parts of a penny in the general state of the Pay List. When the Pay List is completed, it should be carefully paged by the Acting Paymaster throughout.

274 A certificate from the Commanding Officer, to shew that the necessary steps have been taken to recover absent men and deserters, should be annexed to the Training Pay List.

275 Any new rates of pay or allowances granted under these regulations, which have not been previously *specially* sanctioned by the Secretary-at-War, are to be charged only from the 1st April, 1853.

SIDNEY HERBERT.

War Office, July 15, 1853.

APPENDIX.

ESTABLISHMENT OF REGIMENTS OF MILITIA IN ENGLAND AND WALES, UPON THE FULL QUOTA OF 80,000 MEN.

Regiments marked thus (*) are Rifle Corps. *Newly-raised Regiments are printed in a blacker type.*

Corps.	Colonels.	Lieutenant-Colonels.	Majors.	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Adjutants.	Surgeons.	Assistant-Surgeons.	Quartermasters.	Serjeant Majors.	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drummers.	Privates.
Bedford Light Infantry	1	1	1	6	6	6	1	1	1	...	1	18	18	5	555
Berks, Royal	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	26	26	6	777
Bucks, Royal	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	25	25	6	749
Cambridge	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	28	28	6	836
Cheshire, Royal, 1st Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
Royal 2d Regt.	...	**1**	**2**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**35**	**35**	**7**	**1,049**
* Cornwall Rangers	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	34	34	7	1,017
* **Rifles**	...	...	...	**2**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**1**	...	...	**1**	**7**	**10**	**2**	**200**
Miners' Artillery	...	1	1	4	4	4	1	1	...	...	1	12	12	3	362
Cumberland, Royal	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	29	29	6	876
Derby, 1st Regt.	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	27	27	6	800
2d Regt.	...	**1**	**1**	**6**	**6**	**6**	**1**	**1**	**1**	...	**1**	**19**	**19**	**5**	**567**
Devon, 1st or East Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
2d or South Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
Artillery	...	**1**	**1**	**4**	**4**	**4**	**1**	**1**	...	...	**1**	**12**	**12**	**3**	**367**
Dorset	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	27	27	6	814
Durham, 1st or South Regt.	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	27	27	6	800
2d or North Regt.	...	**1**	**2**	**8**	**8**	**8**	**1**	**1**	**1**	...	**1**	**27**	**27**	**6**	**800**
Artillery	...	...	...	**2**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**1**	...	...	**1**	**6**	**5**	**2**	**162**

* Essex, 1st Regt.	1	1	2	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	28	28	8	846
2d Regt.	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	28	28	6	840
Gloucester, Royal, 1st or South Regt. Lt. Infantry	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
Gloucester, 2d or North Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	33	33	7	993
Hampshire Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	7	1,100
Artillery	...	1	1	5	5	5	1	1	1	...	1	16	16	8	500
Isle of Wight Artillery	...	...	...	2	2	2	1	1	...	...	1	4	4	2	136
Hereford	1	1	1	6	6	6	1	1	1	...	1	18	18	5	538
Hertford	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	25	25	6	766
* Huntingdon	...	1	...	3	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	10	10	3	296
Kent, 1st Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
2d Regt., Lt. Infantry	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
Artillery	...	1	1	6	6	6	1	1	1	...	1	20	20	5	600
Lancashire, Royal, 1st Regt.	1	1	1	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,200
Royal, 2d Regt.	1	1	1	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,200
Royal, 3d Regt.	1	1	1	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,200
Royal, 4th Regt. L. I.	...	1	2	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,200
Royal, 5th Regt.	...	1	2	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,200
6th Regt.	..	1	2	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,200
7th Regt.	...	1	2	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,200
Royal Artillery	...	1	2	6	6	6	1	1	1	...	1	21	21	5	646
Leicester	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	35	35	7	1,045
Lincoln, Royal, North	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	31	31	7	943
Royal, South	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	31	31	7	943
Middlesex, 1st or Royal East Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	35	35	7	1,050
* 2d or Edmonton Royal Rifle Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	35	35	10	1,050
3d or Royal Westminster Light Infantry Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	34	34	7	1,039
4th or Royal South Regt.	...	1	2	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
5th or Royal Elthorne Light Infantry Regt.	...	1	2	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
City of London, Royal	1	1	1	10	12	8	1	1	1	...	1	20	20	7	600

Corps.	Colonels.	Lieutenant-Colonels.	Majors.	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Adjutants.	Surgeons.	Assistant-Surgeons.	Quartermasters.	Serjeant Majors.	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drummers.	Privates.
Mid., King's Own Light Infantry, or 1st Tower Hamlets . .	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	38	3	7	1,159
Queen's Own Light Infantry, or 2d Tower Hamlets . .	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	38	38	7	1,159
Monmouth, Royal, Lt. Infantry .	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	25	25	6	750
Norfolk, 1st or West Regt. . .	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	30	30	7	900
2d or East Regt. . . .	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	30	30	7	900
Artillery	...	...	...	**2**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**1**	...	...	**1**	**6**	**6**	**2**	**168**
Northampton	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	32	32	7	974
Northumberland Lt. Infantry .	1	1	1	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,200
Artillery	..	...	...	**2**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**1**	...	...	**1**	**5**	**5**	**2**	**140**
Notts	1	1	1	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	8	1,223
Oxford	1	1	1	8	8	8	1	1	1	...	1	26	26	6	773
Rutland Light Infantry . . .	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	1	3	3	1	109
Salop	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	35	35	7	1,058
Somerset, 1st Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	32	32	7	973
2d Regt	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	32	32	7	973
Stafford, 1st or King's Own Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	32	32	7	967
2d or King's Own Lt. Infantry Regt.	**1**	**1**	**1**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**1**	**1**	**1**	...	**1**	**32**	**28**	**7**	**950**
3d or King's Own Rifle Regt.	...	**1**	**2**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**1**	**1**	**1**	...	**1**	**32**	**32**	**10**	**950**
Suffolk	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	7	1,000
Artillery	...	**1**	**1**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**1**	**1**	**1**	...	**1**	**17**	**17**	**3**	**526**

Surrey, Royal, 1st Regt. . . .	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	33	33	7	997
Royal, 2d Regt. . . .	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	33	33	7	990
Royal, 3d Regt. . .	**...**	**1**	**2**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**...**	**1**	**33**	**33**	**7**	**990**
Sussex, Royal, 1st Regt. Lt. Inf.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	34	34	7	1,018
Royal Artillery . .	**...**	**1**	**1**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**...**	**1**	**16**	**16**	**3**	**500**
Warwick, 1st Regt.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	7	1,074
2d Regt.	**1**	**1**	**1**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**36**	**36**	**7**	**1,076**
Westmorland, Royal, Lt. Infantry	...	1	...	3	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	9	9	3	269
Wilts, Royal	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	39	39	7	1,166
Worcester	1	1	1	12	12	12	1	1	1	1	1	41	41	8	1,267
York, E. R.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	...	1	32	32	7	977
* N. R.	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	33	33	10	1,002
W. R. 1st Regt. . . .	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	34	34	7	1,040
Do. 2d Regt. Lt. Infantry	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	34	34	7	1,036
Do. 3d Regt. Lt. Infantry	1	1	1	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	34	34	7	1,036
4th Regt.	**...**	**1**	**2**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**34**	**34**	**7**	**1036**
5th Regt.	**...**	**1**	**2**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**34**	**34**	**7**	**1036**
6th Regt.	**...**	**1**	**2**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**34**	**34**	**7**	**1036**
Anglesey, Royal, Light Infantry	...	1	...	3	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	8	8	2	256
* Brecon, Royal	...	1	..	3	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	9	9	3	286
* Cardigan, Royal	...	1	...	3	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	10	10	3	301
* Carmarthen, Royal	...	1	1	6	6	6	1	1	...	...	1	16	16	6	486
* Carnarvon, Royal	...	1	1	4	4	4	1	1	...	...	1	13	13	4	388
* Denbigh, Royal	...	1	1	4	4	4	1	1	...	...	1	14	14	4	432
* Flint, Royal	...	1	1	3	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	10	10	3	316
Glamorgan, Royal Lt. Infantry	...	1	2	10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	7	1,086
* Merioneth, Royal	...	...	1	2	2	2	1	1	...	...	1	6	6	2	176
* Montgomery, Royal	...	1	1	3	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	10	10	3	312
Pembroke, Royal Artillery . .	...	1	1	4	4	4	1	1	...	...	1	13	13	2	384
* Radnor, Royal	...	...	...	2	2	2	1	1	...	...	1	4	4	2	119

It is proposed that in future no regiment shall have more than three field officers. But as several of the old regiments have a colonel, a lieutenant-colonel, and two majors, one of the latter will be considered supernumerary; and when a vacancy occurs in the rank of colonel, if filled up after the 29th March, 1853, the appointment will be honorary only, and the second major will become effective. In the same manner, if one of the majorities should become vacant before the colonelcy, that majority will not be filled up.

The Non-commissioned include the permanent staff.

ATTESTATIONS FOR MILITIA VOLUNTEERS.

Questions To be separately asked by the Magistrate or Deputy Lieutenant.	Answers *To be sworn to* by the Volunteer.
1. What is your name? - - - - - - -	
2. In what parish, and in or near what town, and in what county were you born? - - - -	In the parish of in or near the town of in the county of .
3. Where do you now reside? - - - - -	In the parish of in or near the town of in the county of .
4. Where have you resided for the last twelvemonth? -	In the parish of in or near the town of in the county of .
5. What is your age? - - - - - - - -	years months.
6. What is your trade or calling? - - - - -	
7. Are you an apprentice? - - - - - -	
8. In whose employ are you? - - - - -	Mr. in or near the town of . in the county of .
9. What is the name and residence of your former master?	Mr. in or near the town of . in the county of .
10. Are you single, married, or a widower? - - -	
11. If married, or a widower, how many children have you under 14 years of age? - - - -	
12. Are you ruptured or lame, have you ever been subject to fits, or have you any disability or disorder which impedes the free use of your limbs, or unfits you for ordinary labour? - - - -	
13. Are you willing to be attested to serve as a volunteer for the Militia for the County of for the term of five years, provided Her Majesty should so long require your services? - -	

ATTESTATIONS FOR MILITIA VOLUNTEERS.

Questions To be separately asked by the Magistrate or Deputy Lieutenant.	Answers *To be sworn to* by the Volunteer.
14. Do you belong to, or have you been enrolled in, or rejected by any other corps of Militia, or do you belong to Her Majesty's Army, or to the Marines, Ordnance, or Navy, or to the forces of the East India Company? - - - - - - -	
15. Have you ever served in, or been rejected by the Army, Marines, Ordnance, or Navy, or the forces of the East India Company? or are you in receipt of a pension for any such service?*	

* If the volunteer has served as above, he is to state the particulars of his former service, and the cause of his discharge, and is to produce the certificate of his discharge, if he has it with him. If in receipt of pension he must produce an authority for enlisting from the Staff Officer of Pensioners, by whom he is paid.

"I, do sincerely promise and swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her "Majesty Queen Victoria, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia in any part of the United Kingdom of Great "Britain and Ireland, for the defence of the same during the term of five years, for which I am enrolled, unless I shall "be sooner discharged. "Witness my hand,

_____ *Signature of the Volunteer.*

_____ *Witness present.*

Sworn before me at *this* *day*
of *one thousand eight hundred and*
fifty .

_____ *Signature of the Magistrate, or Deputy Lieutenant.*

42 *Geo. III. cap.* 90.

Section 99*th.*—Penalty on men not appearing at exercise, or absenting themselves, 20*l.* or six months' imprisonment.—"Every Militiaman (not "labouring under any infirmity incapacitating him) who shall not appear "at the time and place appointed for his being exercised according to the "directions of this Act, notice having been published and given as by this "Act required, shall be deemed a deserter, and if not taken until after "the time of any such exercise, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty "pounds: and also, every Militiaman who, having joined the regiment, "battalion, or corps, to which he belongs, or any company or companies, "or detachment or division thereof, shall desert or absent himself during "the time of any such exercise, and shall not be taken until after the time "of such exercise, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty pounds, and if "such penalty shall not be immediately paid, the justice of the peace "before whom any Militiaman shall be convicted of any such offence, "shall commit such Militiaman to the House of Correction to hard labour, "or to the common gaol, there to remain without bail or mainprise, for "the space of six months, or until he shall have paid the said penalty."

Section 110*th.*—Penalty on concealing, &c., deserters, 5*l.*—"Any person "harbouring, concealing, or assisting any deserter, shall forfeit the sum of "five pounds."

57*th Section of the Mutiny Act.*—EXTRACT.

"Any man having been enrolled as a volunteer under the Act 15 & 16 "Victoria, cap. 50, to serve in the Militia, who at the time of offering to "enlist shall deny that he is a Militiaman then actually enrolled and engaged "to serve, or shall deny to the justice before whom he shall be attested, "that he belongs to the Militia, shall in lieu of, and instead of, the penal-"ties now imposed by the law for such offence, on conviction thereof "before any one justice in the United Kingdom, either upon oath of one "witness or upon his own confession, or upon the production of the at-"testation, and the before-mentioned acknowledgment of such person, "certified by the Secretary-at-War or Deputy Secretary-at-War, or upon "the offence being proved before a Regimental Court of Inquiry, forfeit "all Militia bounty which would have become payable to him during the "period of his belonging to Her Majesty's regular forces, if he had not "therein enlisted, and be subjected to a stoppage of one penny a day from "his pay for eighteen calendar months." It is further provided, that a Militiaman enlisting into the line or other regular forces "shall be liable "to serve within the United Kingdom in the forces into which he has enlisted, "during all the time the Militia to which he shall belong shall not be called "out for training or exercise, and on the expiration of his Militia engage-"ment shall belong as a soldier to the corps of Her Majesty's regular forces or "the forces of the East India Company, into which he shall have enlisted."

Certificate of Attesting Magistrate or Deputy Lieutenant.

To wit. { I, , one of Her Majesty's justices of the peace of (or Deputy Lieutenant for) the do hereby certify that in my presence, all the foregoing questions were put to the volunteer that the answers written opposite to them are those which he gave to me, that the 99th section of the 42d Geo. III. cap. 90, and the above extract from the Mutiny Act, were read over to him, that he took the oath of allegiance and fidelity, that is the place for which he is enrolled, which place or the place where the head quarters of the corps of Militia is stationed (as the case may be) is in the vicinity of my residence, or within the division or district or place for which I act.

{ *Signature of Magistrate or Deputy Lieutenant.*

Description of

Age apparently

Height feet inches.

Complexion

Eyes

Hair

Any distinctive mark

MEDICAL CERTIFICATES.

On Enlistment.

I have examined the above-named volunteer, and find that he has no rupture or ulcer adhering to the bone, and has the full power of motion of the joints and limbs. He is well formed, and has no scrofulous affection of the glands, or inveterate cutaneous eruptions, and he is free from any trace of corporal punishment, and not marked as a deserter with the letter D. His respiration is easy, and his lungs appear to be sound. He has the perfect use of his eyes and ears. His general appearance is healthy, and he possesses strength sufficient to enable him to undergo the fatigue to which soldiers are liable. I consider him fit for service in the Militia. He has the following particular marks or scars:—

Dated at , *Signature of Surgeon.* }
this day of 185 , } _____

Certificate of Commanding Officer.

having been finally approved, I have caused his name and every prescribed particular to be recorded in the roll, with the regimental No. affixed to his name.

Signature of Officer Commanding.

RETURN OF VOLUNTEERS enrolled for the Militia, between the day of 185 and the day of 185 .

Place for which enrolled.	Regimental Number.	Name of Volunteer.	Date of Attestation.	Age.	Classes.					
					1	2	3	4	5	

*Adjutant*_____

OATH to be taken by a SERJEANT, CORPORAL, or DRUMMER, on his volunteering to serve in the Militia.

I _____ do sincerely promise and swear, that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia, in any part of the United Kingdom, for the defence of the same, until I shall be legally discharged.

Witness my Hand,

Sworn before me at this day of One thousand eight hundred and fifty

Signature of the Volunteer.

Signature of the Magistrate or Deputy Lieutenant.

Witness present.

_____ Regiment of Militia.

QUARTERLY RETURN of Men who were or are enrolled and engaged to serve in the above Regiment who have enlisted into Her Majesty's Regular Forces, or into the Service of the East India Company.

Militia Number.	Name of Soldier.	Date of Enrolment in the Militia.	Total Amount of Enrolment and Training Bounty paid, and Expenses incurred on Attestation.	Date of Enlistment into the Line, &c.	Corps into which enlisted.	Whether released from Engagement in the Militia.	

_____ Regiment of Militia.

Nominal Return of Men who are unfit for duty.

Regimental No.	Name.	Temporarily unfit.	Totally unfit.	Cause of unfitness	Whether existing at the time of enrolment.

I certify that the above Men are, temporarily [*or* permanently, *as the case may be,*] unfit for the reasons assigned.

*Surgeon*_____

Form for Discharge of a Volunteer on account of Unfitness.

This is to certify that the bearer
has served for the space of ; but for the reason stated in the Surgeon's certificate on the other side, is hereby discharged, having first received a full and true account of all his Clothing, Pay, Arrears of Pay, and all demands whatsoever, from the date of his enrolment into the Militia to the present day of his discharge; as further appears by the receipt on the other side hereof.

DESCRIPTION.

About _____ years of age.
Height _____ feet _____ inches.
Hair _____
Eyes _____
Complexion _____
Trade or Occupation _____
Character _____

Given under my Hand and Seal of the Regiment, at Head Quarters, this day of one thousand eight hundred and fifty

(Signed)
Commanding Officer.

To all whom it may concern.

I do acknowledge that I have received all my Clothing, Pay, Arrears of Pay, and all demands whatsoever, from the time of enrolment in the Regiment mentioned on the other side, to the present day of my discharge.

As witness my Hand this day of one thousand eight hundred and fifty

Witness

I do hereby certify, that I have examined , and that he is unfitted to serve in Her Majesty's Militia in consequence of

Surgeon.

Dated at
the day of 185 .

RETURN of SICK of the Regiment of Militia, at , during the period of Training, from to 18 .

Effective strength of the Regiment, including Serjeants, Drummers, Rank and File.	Officers.	Men.	Women.	Children.

DISEASE.	Admitted.	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining at the termination of the training.		
				In Billets.	In Militia Hospital.	In Hospital of the Line.
Total . . .						

NAMES of MEN who have died during period.

Regiment.	Rank & Name.	Disease.	Date and place of death.

NOMINAL RETURN of Men treated during the period of training.

Regiment	Rank & Name	Age.	Disease.	Admitted.	Discharged	Died.	Remarks

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

NAME and RANK of MEDICAL OFFICERS doing duty.

Requisition for Stores to be supplied to the Regiment of Militia at .

Arms and Accoutrements.

ARTICLES.		Numbers. Allowed by Establishment.	Already supplied.	Now required.
For Battalion, Light Infantry Regiments, and Artillery Corps.				
Serjeant-Majors	Sword and scabbard			
	Accoutrements, set			
Serjeants	Swords and scabbards			
	Musquets, percussion extra service, with rammers & bayonets			
	Scabbards, Bayonet			
	Accoutrements, sets			
Corporals & Privates	Musquets, percussion extra service, with rammers & bayonets			
	Scabbards, Bayonet			
	Accoutrements, sets			
Drummers, Trumpeters, Fifers, and Buglers	Hangers and scabbards			
	Accoutrements, sets			
	Carriages for Drums			
One for each Serjeant, Corporal, & Private	Cap pouches			
	Muzzle stoppers			
One to every twenty musquets	Tri-armed nipple wrenches			
	Cramps, main spring			
Two to each Station	Books, Lovell's Suggestions			
Three to every twenty musquets	Nipples, spare			
For Rifle Regiments.				
Serjeant-Majors	Sword and scabbard			
	Accoutrements, set			
Serjeants	Rifles, Brunswick percussion, with rammers and sword bayonets, brass jags, and ball drawers			
	Scabbards, sword, bayonet			
	Accoutrements, set			
Corporals & Privates	Rifles, Brunswick percussion, with rammers and sword bayonets, brass jags, and ball drawers			
	Scabbards, sword, bayonet			
	Accoutrements, set			
Buglers	Swords and scabbards			
	Accoutrements, sets			

ARMS AND ACCOUTREMENTS—*continued*.

ARTICLES.	Numbers. Allowed by Establishment.	Already supplied.	Now required.
One for each Serjeant, Corporal, & Private: Ball bags			
One for each Serjeant, Corporal, & Private: Muzzle stoppers			
One for every twenty rifles: Tri-armed nipple wrenches			
One for every twenty rifles: Cramps, main spring			
Two to each Station: Books, Lovell's Suggestions			
Three to every twenty rifles: Nipples, spare			
CLOTHING AND APPOINTMENTS.			
For Battalion and Light Infantry Regiments.			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Jackets, scarlet, with Shoulder straps or Wings			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Chevrons, worsted			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Trousers, pairs			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Caps, forage			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Sashes, worsted			
Corporals & Privates: Jackets, red, with Shoulder straps or Wings			
Corporals & Privates: Trousers, pairs			
Corporals & Privates: Caps, forage			
Corporals & Privates: Chevrons, worsted, Corporals			
For Rifle Regiments.			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Jackets, dark green, with shoulder straps			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Chevrons, worsted			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Trousers, pairs			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Caps, forage			
Serjeants (not on the permanent staff): Sashes			
Corporals & Privates: Jackets, dark green, with shoulder straps			
Corporals & Privates: Trousers, pairs			
Corporals & Privates: Caps, forage			
Corporals & Privates: Chevrons, worsted, Corporals			
Brass Hooks for Rifle Accoutrements			
For Artillery Corps.			
Serjeants (not on the *permanent* staff): Jackets, dark blue, with shoulder straps			
Serjeants (not on the *permanent* staff): Chevrons, worsted			
Serjeants (not on the *permanent* staff): Trousers, dark blue			
Serjeants (not on the *permanent* staff): Caps, forage			
Serjeants (not on the *permanent* staff): Sashes			

CLOTHING AND APPOINTMENTS—*continued.*

ARTICLES.	Numbers. Allowed by Establishment.	Already supplied.	Now required.
Corporals, Bombardiers, and Privates: Jackets, dark blue, with shoulder straps			
Corporals, Bombardiers, and Privates: Trousers, dark blue			
Corporals, Bombardiers, and Privates: Caps, forage			
Corporals, Bombardiers, and Privates: Chevrons, worsted — Corporals			
Corporals, Bombardiers, and Privates: Chevrons, worsted — Bombardiers			
Corporals, Bombardiers, and Privates: Brass Hooks for Artillery Accoutrements			
Great Coats — Worn, for Guards			
Great Coats — New, for Permanent Staff			
Stocks, leather, with clasps			
Boots, ankle regulation, pairs			
(Of which to replace numbers purchased by volunteers, pairs.)			
Haversacks			
Knapsacks, with straps and mess tins			
Drums, with sticks			
Cases, ticken, for drums			
Fifes, C.			
Bugles, with strings			
Trumpets, with strings, for Artillery Corps			

*Signature of Officer*_____

*Place*_____

*Date*_____

_____ REGIMENT OF MILITIA.

NOMINAL RETURN of Men who have been subjected to a deduction from their Training Bounty, on account of misconduct, or absence from training.

Regimental Number.	Name.	Amount deducted.	Reasons for deduction.

_____ *Commanding Officer.*

FORM FOR DISCHARGE OF NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS FROM THE PERMANENT STAFF.

HER MAJESTY'S REGIMENT OF

Whereof is Colonel.

THESE ARE TO CERTIFY,

1. Certificate of Age, Place of Birth, and Date of Enlistment, Attestation, &c.

That born in the Parish of in or near the Town of in the County of was attested for the aforesaid Regiment at in the County of on the day of at the age of for

2. Certificate of Service.

That he hath served in the Army for the space of Years and Days, after the age of eighteen, according to the subjoined

Statement of Service.

In what Corps.	Period of Service.		Sergeant Major.		Quarter-master-Sergeant.		Sergeant.		Corporal.		Trumpeter or Drummer.		Private.		Service prior to the age of eighteen to be deducted.		Total Service.	
	Fm.	To	yrs.	ds.	yrs.	ds.	yrs.	ds.	yrs.	ds.	yrs.	ds.	yrs.	ds.	yrs.	ds.	yrs.	ds.
	Total																	

3. Medical Certificate of the Cause of Discharge.

Signature of the Surgeon.

4. Certificate of not being disqualified for Pension.

That he is not incapacitated by the Sentence of a General Court Martial from receiving Pension.

5. Certificate of Character, &c., &c., &c.

That his general conduct as a soldier has been

6. Certificate of the Settlement of all Demands.

That he has received all just demands of Pay, Clothing, &c., from his entry into the service to the date of this discharge, as appears by the receipt underneath.

7. Acknowledgment of the Receipt of all Demands.

I do hereby acknowledge that I have received all my Clothing, Pay, Arrears of Pay, and all just demands whatsoever, from the time of my entry into the service to the date of this discharge.

Witnessed by

Signature of the Soldier.

8. Certificate of Description.

To prevent any improper use being made of this discharge, by its falling into other hands, the following is a description of the said . He is about years of age, is feet inches in height, hair, eyes, complexion, and by trade or occupation a

In consequence of the foregoing statements regarding the unfitness of to serve any longer on account of age or infirmity, he is hereby discharged, and recommended for pension.

Given under my Hand, and the Seal of the Regiment at this day of 185 .

Signature of the Commanding Officer,

Signature of the Lord Lieutenant of the County or Riding, or two or more Deputy Lieutenants.

I certify that this discharge of Cause of Discharge, &c., and is, in all other respects, correct. contains a true statement of his Age, Service,

Adjutant.

D 6

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Secondly. He should know what is the exact charge, and, if need be, be able to make his own cartridges, cast his own balls, &c.

Thirdly. He should know the theory of taking Aim and Firing, and the entire management of his Rifle for these purposes; and, should, by incessant practice, render himself an expert marksman and an able shot.

Fourthly. He should be able correctly to estimate distances by sight, and without the aid of instruments.

Fifthly. He should know, so as to be able to apply his knowledge at the instant, at what part of an object to aim, at any given distance.

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